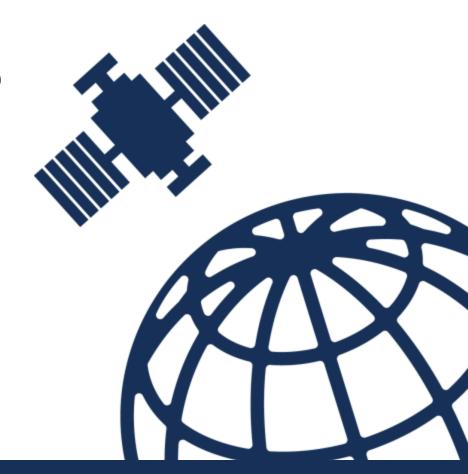
Downstream GNSS business opportunities in the ASEAN region

ASEAN Multi-Country Workshop on Space Applications



Mark Dumville

General Manager, NSL



NSL Company Overview

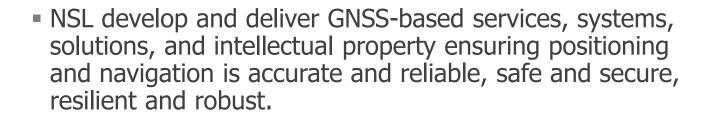
 NSL is a UK based high-tech small-to-medium sized enterprise.

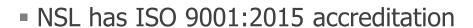


 NSL specialize in the use of satellite navigation through shaping the use of Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) within critical applications such as those that:



- directly affect the safety of citizens
- are key in terms of national security
- affect the way **business** is conducted.



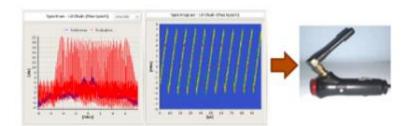


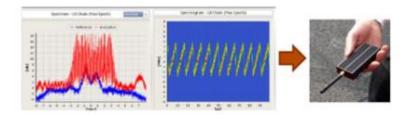




Supporting GNSS applications in ASEAN

- **Background**: ASEAN countries are implementing advanced GNSS applications to support **governmental policy** objectives:
 - Road pricing
 - Vehicle speed monitoring and reporting
 - Ground Based Augmentation Systems (GBAS)





STRIKES

- Alignment: NSL offers products and services that support governmental implementation of GNSS
- Motivation: opportunities to collaborate, identify supply-chains and to commercialise NSL products
 - GNSS performance monitoring
 - GNSS interference and jammer detection systems
 - H2020 STRIKE3 project (<u>www.gnss-strike3.eu</u>)



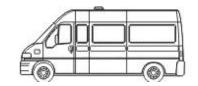


Why use a GNSS jammer?

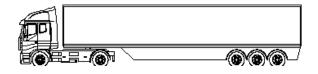
- 1. To disable "covert surveillance" (eg privacy protection)
- 2. To disable "tracking" systems (eg fleet management)



- 3. To disable pre-defined **route-guidance** systems (eg courier)
- 4. To fool **scheduling** systems (eg taxis)
- 5. To disable pay-per-use (eg tolling, insurance, eco)
- 6. To disable "stolen vehicle recovery systems"
- 7. To confuse cargo control systems (eg geo-locks)
- 8. To disable electronic monitoring (offenders, fisheries)
- 9. To deny capability to adversaries (governmental use)
- 10. VIP protection (governmental use)







STRIKE3 is a project to protect GNSS...

- Standardisation of GNSS Threat reporting and Receiver testing through International Knowledge Exchange, Experimentation and Exploitation [STRIKE3]
- Project funded by European GNSS Agency (GSA)
 under the European Commission's H2020 Framework Programme







- Start date = 1 February 2016
- Duration = 3 years





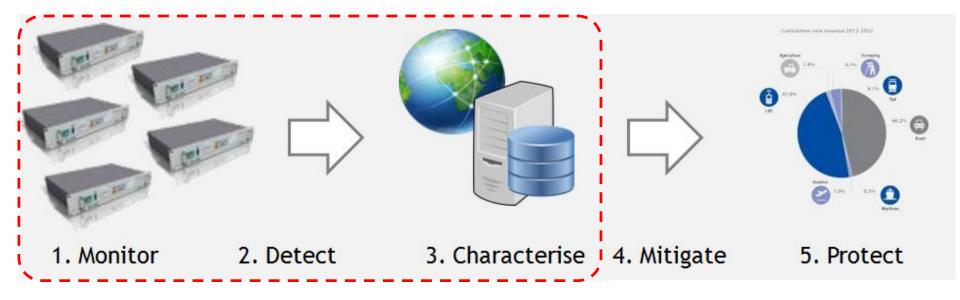








STRIKE3 Project Rationale



- STRIKE3 has deployed an international GNSS interference monitoring network (with support from partners, including BELS)
- STRIKE3 has used the data from the network to ensure that there is:
 - a standard for GNSS threat reporting and analysis
 - a standard for assessing the performance of GNSS receivers and applications under threat.



STRIKE3 International Monitoring Network

At a range of infrastructures

- Major City Centres
- City-ring roads
- National timing labs
- Motorways/Road network
- Airports
- GNSS infrastructures
- Power stations
- Railway
- EU Borders
- Ports

At a range of locations

- United Kingdom
- Sweden
- Finland
- Germany
- France
- Poland
- Czech Republic
- Spain
- Slovakia
- Slovenia
- Netherlands

- Belgium
- Croatia
- Latvia
- India
- Vietnam
- Thailand
- Malaysia
- New Zealand
- Canada
- Japan (pending)
- US (exploring)
- Singapore (exploring)





Involving a range of entities:

- Government agencies
- Frequency regulators
- Road operators
- Tolling operators
- Airport operators
- Air Navigation Service Providers
- Power grids
- Research

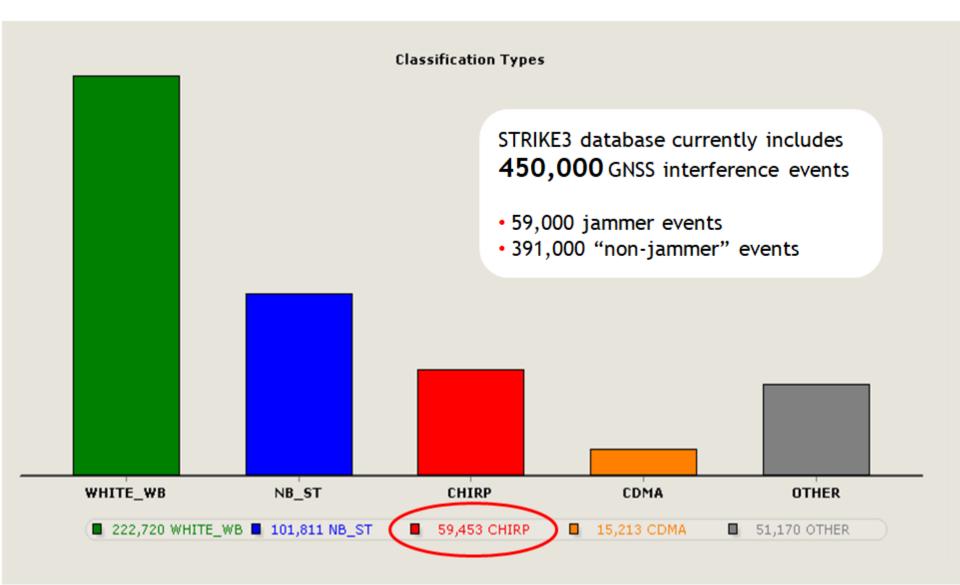






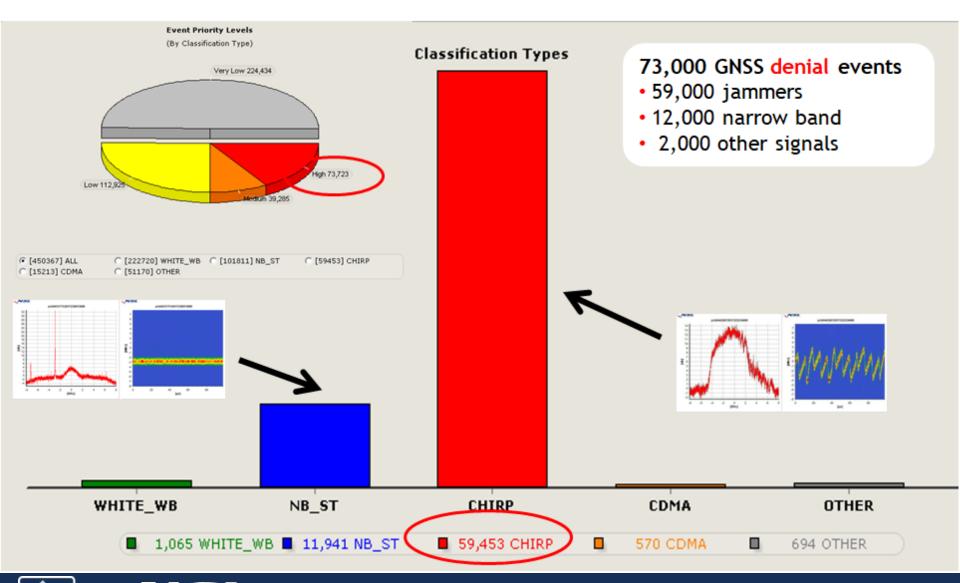


STRIKE3 "Database" [1/2/2016 - 1/9/2018]





STRIKE3 "GNSS Denial Events" [1/2/2016 - 1/9/2018]





STRIKE3 "Durations" [1/2/2016 – 1/9/2018]

ALL events (450,363 events)



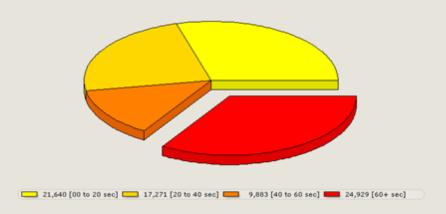
Most events are very short durations 12% of ALL events are greater than 60 seconds

279,828 [00 to 20 sec] 55,368 [60+ sec] 29,339 [40 to 60 sec] 55,368 [60+ sec]

Some findings:

- 7191 events > 5 minutes
- 1112 events > 30 minutes
- 610 events > 60 minutes
- 5 events > 1 day
- Longest event = 5 days

High Priority events (73,723 events)

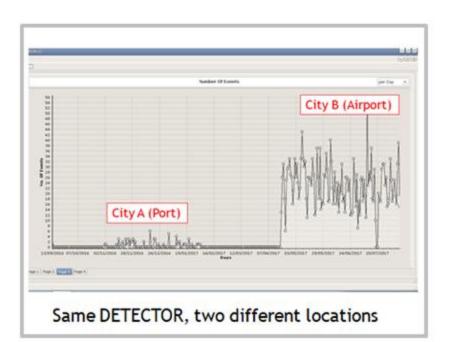


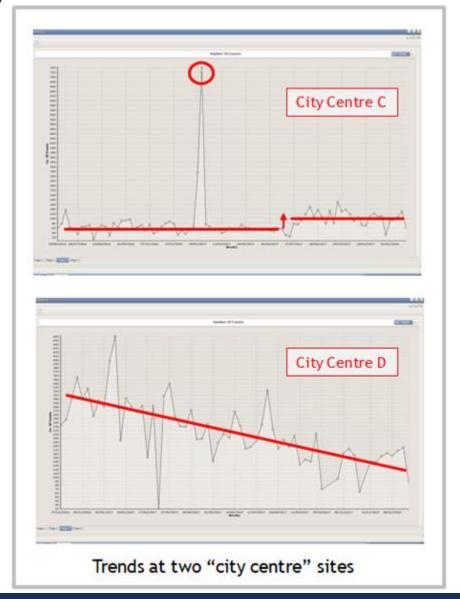
34% priority events are greater than 60 seconds



STRIKE3 Trend Analysis

- Trends per site
- Trends per infrastructure
- Trends per week/month/year
- Trends per grouping
- Trends per event classification
- Overall trends within the database
- (Trends per GNSS, per frequency)



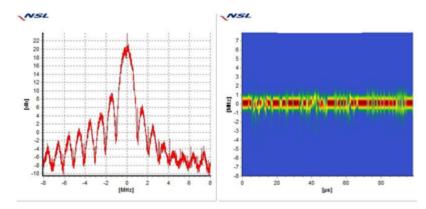






New threats to GNSS have been detected...

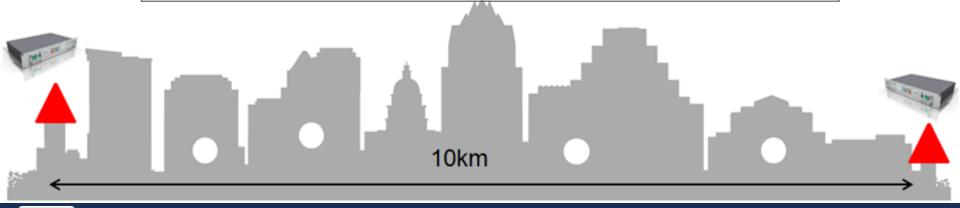




- Number of events = 4576
- Longest duration = 27504secs
- High power (but from a distance)
- Unable to identify cause

May 2018: Major Capital City. Two STRIKE3 sites, separated by 10km.

Same waveform detected at same times



Engagements in ASEAN region

- Workshops: NSL has participated in 5 x BELS workshops, 4 countries
 - Involving Industry, government and researchers
 - Interests include: GNSS, survey, scientific, transport, telecomms, electronics, aviation
 - Vietnam, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore (+Indonesia)

Meetings

- 1-2-1 meetings
- Government departments and agencies
 - aviation, roads, highways, survey/mapping, Space Agencies

Demonstrations

- Long term (12+ months) demonstrations throughout the region
 - Vietnam, Thailand, Malaysia
- Presentation of results (by BELS partners) in ASEAN events



Key Outcomes from ASEAN collaborations

- Collaborating with regional experts has enabled NSL to expand its global
 GNSS threat monitoring network into the ASEAN region
- NSL has established long-term linkages with regional ASEAN stakeholders interested in GNSS
 - Formed the basis of longer term collaborations
- NSL now understands the ASEAN challenges/priorities, applications/requirements and plans.
- NSL has technology deployed in ASEAN region, delivering value developing new partnerships (and a "prospects list")
- NSL is engaged with 3 (of 5) countries regarding follow-on activities
- NSL is developing a name and a presence in ASEAN region thanks to BELS





Thank you for your kind attention



mark.dumville@nsl.eu.com

